



2E26

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BEAM POWER TUBE

Useful with full input up to 125 Mc
and with reduced input up to 175 Mc

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC). 6.3 $\pm$ 10% volts
Current 0.8 amp

Transconductance, for plate

volts = 500, grid-No.2 volts
= 200, and plate ma. = 20 3500 μ hos

Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1,

for plate volts = 200, grid-No.2
volts = 200, and plate ma. = 20 6.5

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

Grid No.1 to plate. 0.2 max. μ f

Grid No.1 to cathode & grid

No.3 & internal shield, grid

No.2, base sleeve, and heater 13 μ f ←

Plate to cathode & grid No.3

& internal shield, grid No.2,

base sleeve, and heater 7 μ f

Mechanical:

Operating Position. Any

Maximum Overall Length. 3-21/32"

Seated Length 2-15/16" $\pm$ 5/32"

Maximum Diameter. 1-5/16"

Bulb. T9

Cap Small (JEDEC No.C1-1)

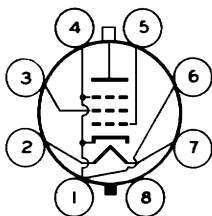
Base. . . . Small-Micanal-Wafer Octal 8-Pin with "640" Sleeve
(JEDEC Group 1, No.B8-44)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7CK ←

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield

Pin 2 - Heater

Pin 3 - Grid No.2



Pin 4 - Same as Pin 1

Pin 5 - Grid No.1

Pin 6 - Same as Pin 1

Pin 7 - Heater

Pin 8 - Base Sleeve

Cap - Plate

Bulb Temperature (At hottest point). 210 max. °C

Weight (Approx.) 1.4 oz

AF POWER AMPLIFIER & MODULATOR — Class AB₁[†]

Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:

CCS[•]ICAS^{••}

DC PLATE VOLTAGE. 600 max. 750 max. volts

DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)

VOLTAGE 250 max. 250 max. volts

← Indicates a change.



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	CCS [•]	ICAS ^{••}	
MAX.—SIGNAL DC PLATE CURRENT**	75 max.	75 max.	ma
MAX.—SIGNAL PLATE INPUT**	30 max.	37.5 max.	watts
MAX.—SIGNAL GRID-No.2 INPUT**	2.5 max.	2.5 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	10 max.	12.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	100 max.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	100 max.	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

	CCS [•]	ICAS ^{••}	
DC Plate Voltage.	500	700	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage ^{▲#}	250	235	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
From fixed-bias source.	-40	-40	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage.	70	72	volts
Zero-Signal DC Plate Current.	13	12	ma
Max.—Signal DC Plate Current.	120	110	ma
Max.—Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current.	10	10	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	8650	14100	ohms
Max.—Signal Driving Power (Approx.)	0	0	watts
Max.—Signal Power Output (Approx.)	40	50	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS or ICAS Conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: ⁰⁰	
With fixed bias	30000 max. ohms
With cathode bias	Not recommended

→ AF POWER AMPLIFIER & MODULATOR — Class AB₂[#]

Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:

	CCS [•]	ICAS ^{••}	
DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	600 max.	750 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	250 max.	250 max.	volts
MAX.—SIGNAL DC PLATE CURRENT**	75 max.	75 max.	ma
MAX.—SIGNAL PLATE INPUT**	30 max.	37.5 max.	watts
MAX.—SIGNAL GRID-No.2 INPUT**	2.5 max.	2.5 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	10 max.	12.5 max.	watts

→ Indicates a change.



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CCS[•] ICAS^{••}

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode.	100 max.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	100 max.	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

*Values are for 2 tubes*CCS[•] ICAS^{••}

DC Plate Voltage.	400	500	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage ^{▲#}	125	125	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
<i>From fixed-bias source.</i>	-15	-15	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage	60	60	volts
Zero-Signal DC Plate Current	20	22	ma
Max.-Signal DC Plate Current	150	150	ma
Max.-Signal DC Grid-No.2 Current.	32	32	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	6200	8000	ohms
Max.-Signal Driving Power (Approx.) [*]	0.36	0.36	watt
Max.-Signal Power Output (Approx.)	42	54	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS or ICAS Conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:^{*}

With fixed bias	30000 max.	ohms
With cathode bias	Not recommended	

PLATE-MODULATED RF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class C Telephony

*Carrier conditions per tube for use
with a maximum modulation factor of 1*

Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:

CCS[•] ICAS^{••} IMS[°]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE. . .	400 max.	500 max.	600 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE . . .	200 max.	200 max.	200 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE	-175 max.	-175 max.	-175 max.	volts
DC PLATE CURRENT. . .	60 max.	70 max.	70 max.	ma



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	CCS [•]	ICAS ^{••}	IMS [°]	
DC GRID—No.1 CURRENT.	3.5 max.	3.5 max.	3.5 max.	ma
PLATE INPUT	20 max.	27 max.	37 max.	watts
GRID—No.2 INPUT . . .	1.7 max.	2.3 max.	2.5 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION . .	6.7 max.	9 max.	12 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER—				
CATHODE VOLTAGE:				
Heater negative				
with respect to				
cathode	100 max.	100 max.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive				
with respect to				
cathode	100 max.	100 max.	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

DC Plate Voltage. . .	400	500	600	volts
DC Grid—No.2				
Voltage [•]	160	180	200	volts
From a series				
resistor of . . .	32000	35500	40000	ohms
DC Grid—No.1				
Voltage [•]	-50	-50	-50	volts
From a grid				
resistor of . . .	20000	20000	20000	ohms
Peak RF Grid—No.1				
Voltage	60	60	60	volts
DC Plate Current. . .	50	54	60	ma
DC Grid—No.2 Current.	7.5	9	10	ma
DC Grid—No.1 Current				
(Approx.)	2.5	2.5	2.5	ma
Driving Power				
(Approx.)	0.15	0.15	0.15	watt
Power Output				
(Approx.)	13.5	18	24	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS, ICAS, or IMS Conditions):

Grid—No.1—Circuit Resistance [†]	30000 max.	ohms
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RF POWER AMPLIFIER & OSCILLATOR — Class C Telephony[□]
and**RF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class C FM Telephony****Maximum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:**

	CCS [•]	ICAS ^{••}	IMS [°]	
DC PLATE VOLTAGE. . .	500 max.	600 max.	700 max.	volts
DC GRID—No.2				
(SCREEN-GRID)				
VOLTAGE	200 max.	200 max.	200 max.	volts
DC GRID—No.1				
(CONTROL-GRID)				
VOLTAGE	-175 max.	-175 max.	-175 max.	volts



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	CCS [•]	ICAS ^{••}	INS [°]	
DC PLATE CURRENT . . .	75 max.	85 max.	85 max.	ma
DC GRID-No.1 CURRENT .	3.5 max.	3.5 max.	3.5 max.	ma
PLATE INPUT.	30 max.	40 max.	55 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT. . . .	2.5 max.	2.5 max.	2.5 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION. . .	10 max.	13.5 max.	18.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:				
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	100 max.	100 max.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	100 max.	100 max.	100 max.	volts

Typical CCS[•] Operation:

	Up to 125 Mc	At 160 Mc	
DC Plate Voltage . . .	400	500	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage ^{••}	190	185	volts
From a series resistor of.	19000	28500	ohms
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage [•] . .	-30	-40	volts
From a grid-No.1 resistor of.	10000	13500	ohms
Peak RF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	41	50	volts
DC Plate Current . . .	75	60	ma
DC Grid-No.2 Current .	11	11	ma
DC Grid-No.1 Current (Approx.).	3	3	ma
Driving Power (Approx.).	0.12	0.15	watts
Power Output (Approx.).	20	20	watts

Typical ICAS^{••} Operation:

	Up to 125 Mc	At 160 Mc	
DC Plate Voltage	600	350	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage ^{••} . .	185	200	volts
From a series resistor of.	41500	21500	ohms
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage [•] . .	-45	-90	volts
From a grid-No.1 resistor of.	15000	30000	ohms
Peak RF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	57	105	volts
DC Plate Current	66	85	ma
DC Grid-No.2 Current . .	10	7	ma
DC Grid-No.1 Current (Approx.).	3	3	ma



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	Up to 125 Mc	At 160 Mc	
Driving Power (Approx.) . . .	0.17	2	watts
Power Output (Approx.) . . .	27	16.5	watts

Typical IMS^o Operation:

	Up to 125 Mc	
DC Plate Voltage	650	volts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage ^{oo}	200	volts
From a series resistor of	45000	ohms
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage [†]	-49	volts
From a grid-No.1 resistor of	16300	ohms
Peak RF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	68	volts
DC Plate Current	84	ma
DC Grid-No.2 Current	10	ma
DC Grid-No.1 Current (Approx.)	3	ma
Driving Power (Approx.)	0.2	watt
Power Output (Approx.)	36	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (CCS, or ICAS, or IMS Conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance [†]	30000 max.	ohms
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- ♦ Without external shield.
- † Subscript 1 indicates that grid-No.1 current does not flow during any part of the input cycle.
- Continuous Commercial Service.
- oo Intermittent Commercial and Amateur Service.
- ** Averaged over any audio-frequency cycle of sine-wave form.
- ▲ Preferably obtained from a separate source or from the plate voltage supply with a voltage divider.
- * In applications requiring the use of grid-No.2 voltages above 135 volts, provision should be made for the adjustment of grid-No.1 bias for each tube separately. The necessity for this adjustment at the lower grid-No.2 voltages depends on the distortion requirements and on whether the plate-dissipation rating is exceeded at zero-signal plate current.
- oo The resistance introduced into the grid-No.1 circuit by the input coupling should be held to a low value. In no case should it exceed the specified maximum value. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended.
- # Subscript 2 indicates that grid-No.1 current flows during some part of the input cycle.
- ★ Driver stage should be capable of supplying the specified driving power at low distortion to the No.1 grids of the AB₂ stage. To minimize distortion, the effective resistance per grid-No.1 circuit of the AB₂ stage should be held at a low value. For this purpose, the use of transformer coupling is recommended.
- o Intermittent Mobile Service.
- ! Obtained preferably from a separate source modulated along with the plate supply, or from the modulated plate supply through a series resistor.
- ⊗ Obtained from grid-No.1 resistor or from a combination of grid-No.1 resistor with either fixed supply or cathode resistor.
- † When grid-No.1 is driven positive and the 2E26 is operated at maximum ratings, the total dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance should not exceed the specified value of 30,000 ohms. If this value is insufficient to provide adequate bias, the additional required bias must be supplied by a cathode resistor or fixed supply. For operation at less than maximum ratings, the dc grid-No.1-circuit resistance may be as high as 0.1 megohm.



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- key-down conditions per tube without amplitude modulation. Amplitude modulation essentially negative may be used if the positive peak of the audio-frequency envelope does not exceed 115% of the carrier conditions.
- ⊗ obtained preferably from a separate source, or from the plate supply voltage with a voltage divider, or through a series resistor. A series grid-No.2 resistor should be used only when the 2E26 is used in a circuit which is not keyed. Grid-No.2 voltage must not exceed 600 volts under key-up conditions.
- obtained from fixed supply, by grid-No.1 resistor, by cathode resistor, or by combination methods.

CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES FOR EQUIPMENT DESIGN

	Note	Min.	Max.	
Heater Current.	1	0.74	0.86	amp
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:				
Grid No.1 to plate.	2	-	0.2	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, base sleeve, and heater.	2	11.6	14	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, base sleeve, and heater	2	6.4	8	μf
Plate Current	3	23	47	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3	-	4	ma
Useful Power Output	4	18	-	watts

Note 1: With heater volts = 6.3 ac.

Note 2: Without external shield.

Note 3: With heater volts = 6.3 ac, dc plate volts = 200, dc grid-No.2 volts = 135, and dc grid-No.1 volts = -10.

Note 4: In a single-tube self-excited oscillator circuit, and with heater volts = 6.3 ac, dc plate volts = 500, dc grid-No.2 volts = 200, grid-No.1 resistor (megohms) = $0.015 \pm 10\%$, dc plate ma. = 60 maximum, dc grid-No.1 ma. = 1.8 to 2.2, and frequency (Mc) = 15.

MAXIMUM RATINGS vs OPERATING FREQUENCY

FREQUENCY	125	150	160	175	Mc
MAXIMUM-PERMISSIBLE PERCENTAGE OF MAXIMUM-RATED PLATE VOLTAGE OR PLATE INPUT:					
Class C plate-modulated telephony	100	83	75	68	%
Class C telegraphy	100	83	75	68	%

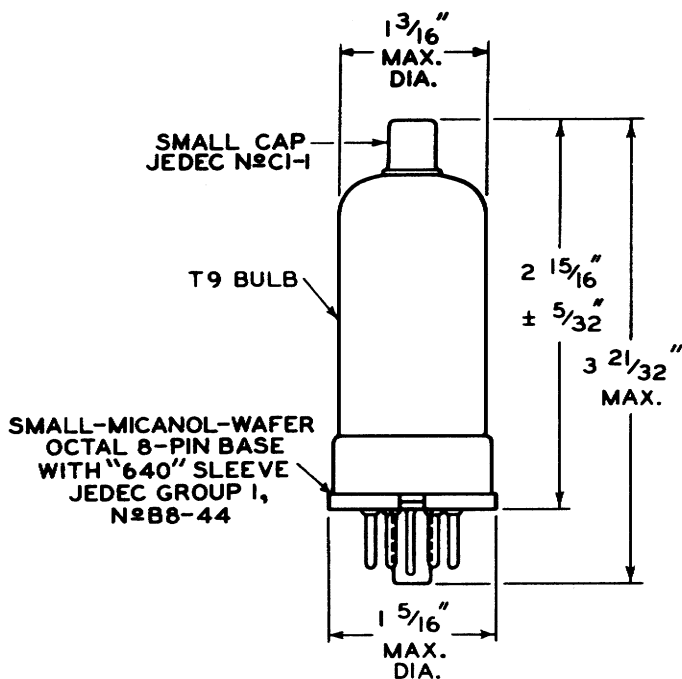
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92CS-6607R3



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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

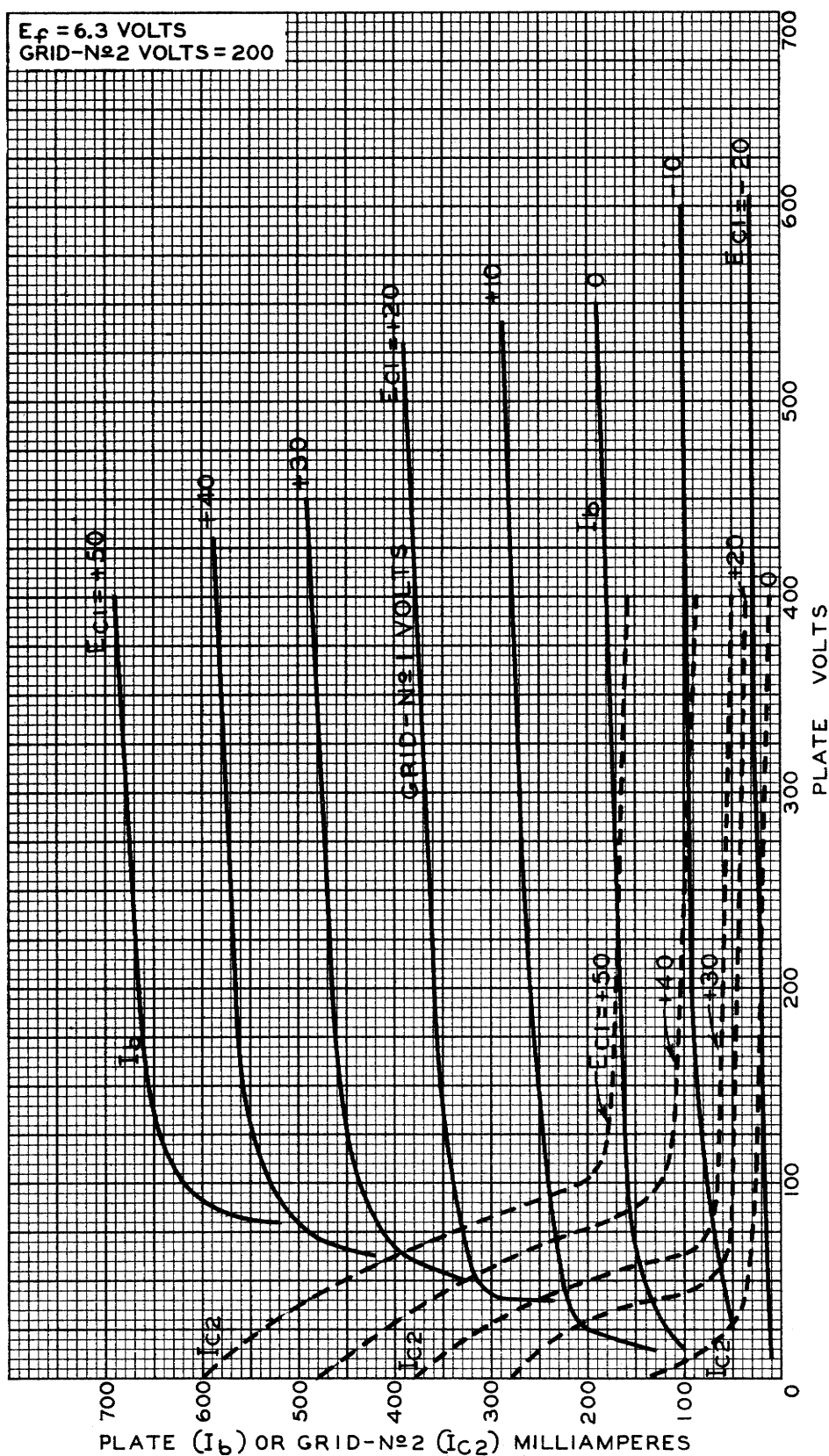


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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-6630

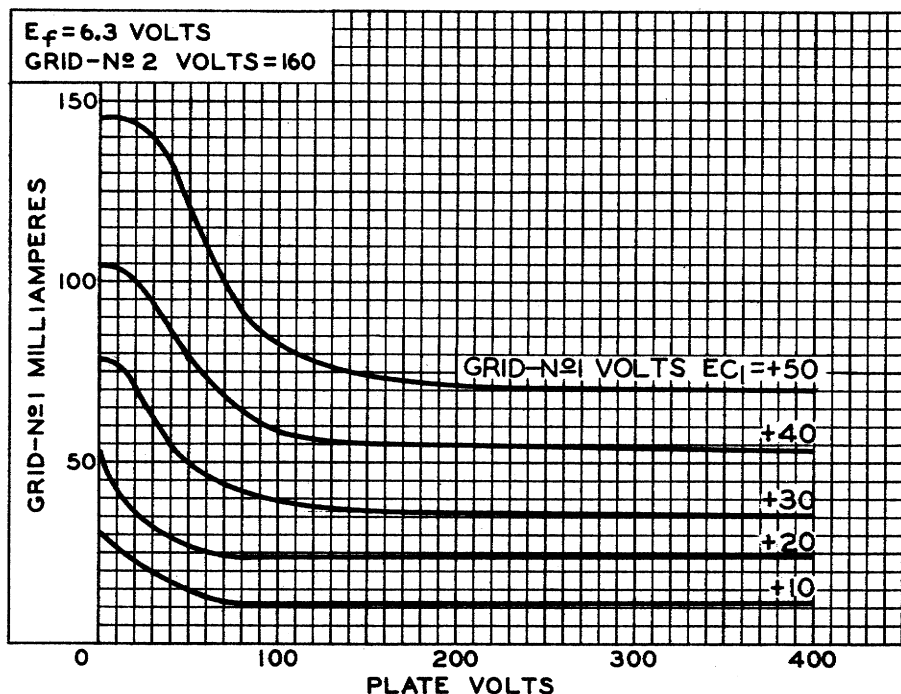
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY



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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



92CS-6628

